

PUBLIC DAILY LEDGER

MAYSVILLE REPUBLICAN

SEVENTH YEAR.

MAYSVILLE, KY., MONDAY, JULY 25, 1893.

ONE CENT.



LARGEST IN THE CITY.

Purely Business!

The columns of a newspaper represent a cash value. No publisher can afford to give advertising "action" from any source but a publisher who loses over his counter free gifts of dry goods and other articles is a legitimate business concern. Its columns are its stock in trade and advertisements should be paid for, no matter in what part of the paper they appear.

A Continuation of Our

\$7.65

SUIT SALE

We will continue to sell \$10, \$12 and \$15 Suits for \$7.65 during this entire month.

There are two reasons for this. One is that we find we have many more good suits to put in this sale than we thought we had. The other reason is that our many country patrons are in the midst of the heaviest work of the year and did not have an opportunity to avail themselves of these splendid bargains; hence, the sale continues during the month. Don't miss the opportunity of buying for \$7.65 a suit of clothes that would cost you \$12 to \$15 elsewhere, and at these prices you would not pay too much for them; they are worth it.

Respectfully,

HECHINGER & CO.
LEADERS IN FINE CLOTHING AND SHOES.

THE BEE HIVE.

A 20% Discount

ON ALL

DRESS GOODS.

For the next week we will offer thrifty purchasers a rare chance in Dress Goods buying. All of our great stock of Henriettes, Serges, covertures, Poplins and chevrons in black and colors and all variety goods subject to a discount of 20 per cent. If you buy now it means a saving of 80 per cent. Extra duty on wool, war taxes, etc. mean an advance of 25 per cent. on woolen goods next fall. Besides, our 10 new dress prices are always under others. This is a great opportunity for the prudent buyer. It's entirely our loss and your gain. But we want the shrewd loss and no misadventure follows.

Some More Ribbon Bargains.

There are a few odds and ends in fancy stripes and checks, every one of them same widths and of best grade silk. The new kind of bow tie, a yard. The old kind of regular bow tie, value we're reduced to 30c, a yard.

The Shirtwaist Sale.

The past week's shirtwaist business is proof, evident that you appreciate a really good bargain. We'll continue the sale for another week. The \$2 white Pique and Lawn Waists are now \$1.50. All of our former \$1.50 blouses are now 75c. And a regular \$2.00 Waist reduced to 30c. But they are selling rapidly. You'd better come soon before best are picked over.

ROSENAU BROS.

KINGS OF LOW PRICES.

PROPRIETORS BEE HIVE.

What We May Expect For The Next Twenty-four Hours.

THE LEDGER'S WEATHER SIGNALS.

WINDS STRENGTH—FAIR:

Blue—Rain or snow;

With black above—will warm

grow.

Unless black above—do not

wait.

The above forecasts are made for a

period of twenty-four hours, ending at 8 o'clock

to-morrow evening.



If you have friends visiting you, or if

you are going away on a visit, please drop us a

note to that effect.

Mrs. F. J. Locke of Newport is visiting

relatives in this city.

Mrs. Charles Daly of Cincinnati is visiting

relatives in this city.

Mrs. W. W. Wilcox is spending a few days

with relatives at Mason, O.

Master Julius Orr of Cincinnati is visiting

his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Orr.

Mrs. Edward Leonard and daughter Edna

have returned from a visit to relatives in Cor-

ington.

Mrs. William H. Cox and daughter, Miss

Roberts, are home from White Sulphur

Springs.

Mrs. M. H. Meigs of Columbus, O., is in the

city en route to Bluebird Springs to spend a

few days.

Mrs. James B. Wilson and son Gordon have

returned to Lexington after a visit to relatives

here.

Mr. George Allen is down from Camp Corbin

on a visit to his aunt, Mrs. James Marshall, at

Washington.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Grant after quite a

lengthy visit to relatives at Newport has

returned home.

Misses Miranda and Lena Newdigate of

Flemingburg were in town yesterday after-

noon calling on friends.

Misses Ruth Attender and Pearl Smith and

the Misses Weaver of Mayfield spent Sat-

urday afternoon at Bluebird Springs.

Mrs. J. E. Hume and her daughter, Miss

Anna, have for their guests at Cincinnati Miss

Maude Peoria, Ill., Miss Florence Innes of

Lexington and Miss Margaret Duke Watson

of this city.

All matters for publication must be

sent in before 9 o'clock in the morn-

ing of each day.

If you have an item of news

please call up THE LEDGER, Telephone

13, and send it in.

Wm Davis has erected the first feed

shed in town. He now offers more con-

veniences to the wagon trade than any

other dealer.

When you start out to buy anything in

the line of Jewelry, Watches and Diamonds

don't fail to call at Murphy's the

Jeweler. No better goods anywhere.

Prices low. His repairing department is

the best.

40 Cents

Pays your round trip car fare and gives

you a ticket to the show at Electric Park.

THE LEDGER

PRINTS THE

REAL NEWS



NOTES FROM REVISED.

Little Miss Muffet

Sat on a tuft

Rating of curds and whey;

A mixture equalled her

And slipped down inside her,

And she had influenza last day.

—Washington Star.

Mr. W. L. Pogue is out after an illness

of several days.

Mr. Al McCormick of Richmond is

just recovering from an illness.

Mr. Hamilton Gray is quite ill at her

handsome home at Front and Sutton.

Semi-canal excav at Pottery prices at

Wm. Davis's, beyond Limestone bridge.

The building adjoining D. H. S. & Co.'s is

being renovated preparatory to its occu-

pancy by H. C. Hailstone, the Sutton

street merchant.

For three months ending June 30th

the street railways of Baltimore carried

over 15,000,000 passengers, and paid over

\$67,000 as a tax for the care of the city

parks.

Mr. Elbert Pangburn, Night Clerk at

the New Central, yesterday passed his

21st milestone. He was the recipient of

heavy congratulations, all wishing him

many returns of the day.

During the recent German elections

one vote was cast in the town of

Putnam, a place of 8,000 inhabitants. A

polling booth was erected, but, as none

of the citizens appeared to vote, even the

election officers refrained from casting

their ballots.

The Chief Burgess of Milesburg, Pa.,

says DeWitt's Little Early Riders are the

best pills he ever used in his family

during forty years of housekeeping.

They cure consumption, sick headache

and stomach and liver troubles. Small

in size but great in results. Henry W.

Ray, Postoffice Dispensary.

Agnes, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs.

Martin Concanon of Lee street, was taken

ill Saturday night with cholera in-

fantum and died this morning at 1

o'clock. She was just a year old, and

an extremely bright little child. The fu-

neral will occur tomorrow morning at 9

o'clock.

The Secretary of the Interior has at

last appointed J. B. Wilburt of Grayson

a Forest Supervisor on a salary of \$1,325

per year. This is the position given him

for withdrawing from the Assistant Dis-

trict Attorneyship race. He will be as-

signed some place in the Western or

North Central part of the country not

yet determined by the Department.

One-fourth of the people on the earth

before the age of 6, one-half before the

age of 16 and only one person in

each 100 born lives to the age of 65. The

deaths are estimated at 87 a minute,

97,700 a day, \$3,630,000 a year, and the

births at 70 a minute, 10,090 a day,

36,702,000 a year. The world's popula-

tion, therefore, gains about 1,100,000

every year.

The Board of Directors of the Black

Diamond have forwarded to Mr. Thomas

Tanner of London a fee of \$4,000 for

examining the Black Diamond fran-

chises. He will come to this country

and will go over the surveyed route and

will carefully examine all the plans and

specifications and will then make his

report. If it is a favorable one, there is

little doubt that the bonds can be easily

float.

Fremont Park.

The offerings this week at the above

resort are the celebrated musical trio,

the Rosas, La Petite Elton, Kelly and Mad-

den, comedy sketch artists, in the tough-

able act "Fifteen Minutes in a Gymna-

sium," introducing bag punching, bor-

lesque boxing, hot dancing, etc. Moss

Cordell, the aerial marauder, and others.

A strong program is guaranteed from

the show, so go out to the Park early

and witness the free exhibition.

ROYAL PURPLE TONIGHT.

There'll Be a Hot Time at Pisgah Encamp-

ment Tonight—Be There.

Tonight is the regular meeting of Pis-

gah Encampment No. 1, O. O. F., and

there promises to be "a hot time in the

Lodge room."

There will be work in the Royal Purple

Degree, and the candidate requests us to

say that it is his desire that all his R. P.

friends be in attendance.

The gross earnings of the Chesapeake and Ohio for the second week of July were \$300,631, being a decrease of \$26,977, as compared with those for the corresponding week of last year.

LAWN PARTY.

The One at Washington Last Friday Night

a Delightful Affair.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Gill of Washington

last Friday evening entertained with a

lawn party in honor of their niece, Miss

Willie Watson, and her guest.

On reaching the Gill mansion it was a

picture to behold—the lawn strewn with

Chinese lanterns, the elegant parlors

carpeted and a beautiful day, and

the music was a dream.

It was 3 o'clock in the morning when

"Home, Sweet Home" was heard, and

the dancing still continued.

The entire party return thanks to Mr.

and Mrs. W. R. Gill for the most delight-

fully spent evening.

There were about twenty-five couples

present. The refreshments were elegant.

FLAG PRESENTED.

Large Crowd Paid Another Visit

to the Soldier Boys at

Lexington.

ALL ARE HAPPY AND WELL.

A special train left this city yesterday

at 8 a. m. over the L. and N., giving the

citizens another opportunity to visit the

boys now stationed at Camp Corbin, Lex-

ington.

Four hundred and forty-three tickets

were sold, the drum corps and band, of

twenty-nine members, swelling the

crowd to 472.

Before reaching Lexington the train

carried seven or eight hundred people,

stopping along the route sending large

delegations.

Arriving at their destination the May-

sfield Band and the Drum Corps, with

other citizens, dined at the Phoenix Hotel,

the two former, after dinner, entertain-

ing with some fine National airs and

musical music.

About 2 o'clock the Mayfield visitors

went in a body to Camp Corbin, where

the handsome flag, purchased with funds

subscribed by home people, was to be

formally presented to Company B.

The flag was for two days the past

week on exhibition in the showwindow

of Mr. Henry W. Ray's Postoffice Drug

store and was the subject of many com-

plimentary remarks for its beauty.

Judge A. A. Wadsworth, in well

SANTIAGO AND CUBANS

They Resent Gen. Shafter's Attitude in Ignoring Gen. Garcia in the War.

THE LATTER'S ACTIONS APPROVED.

Many of the Cubans Favor the Scheme of a Protectorate With Eventual Annexation.

They Protest Against the Continuation of Spanish Officials in Office Appointed by Madrid, as Matter of Principle—A Meeting Held.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 23.—The Cubans here resent Gen. Shafter's attitude in ignoring Gen. Garcia and refusing to allow the Cuban troops to enter Santiago or to consult Gen. Garcia on the terms of the surrender of the city. Gen. Garcia's action in withdrawing his troops into the interior, his letter to Gen. Shafter and his resignation of his command, forwarded to Gen. Gomez, are approved by all classes of natives. Gen. Garcia refused to accept an subordinate place, insisting that he was an ally. Gen. Shafter's answer saying that this was a war between the United States and Spain, and that the Cubans were not interested, and President McKinley's instructions with reference to the administration of the surrendered district, published here yesterday, are interpreted as an attack on American intention to annex the island and not to grant independence.

This is opposed by the Cubans. Senor Joaquin Castillo, president of the San Carlos Cuban club, and a brother of Gen. Castillo, urges an official protest to President McKinley without delay saying "alliance now would indicate our consent to the United States attitude which is a plain breach of faith that the Cubans can not possibly tolerate."

A meeting was held Sunday afternoon at the San Carlos club to discuss the matter and it is probable that a protest was drawn up which will be submitted.

It is understood that many who were present at the meeting favored the scheme of a protectorate by the United States with eventual annexation after five or six years, but the protest is on matter of principle, the main object being the continuation in office of Spanish officials appointed by Madrid on the ground that Spain, as a conquered people, should not be vested with authority over Cubans, her allies and coadjutors of the United States and the representatives of a free and independent people. Such is understood to have been the tenor of the meeting.

SURRENDERED.

Spanish Troops to the Number of 3,000 and 350 Volunteers in San Luis and Palma Estreño Give Up Their Arms.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The war department at midnight posted the following:

SANTIAGO, via Hayti, July 24.—Adjutant General of the Army, Washington.

Lieut. Miles has returned from San Luis and Palma Estreño, where he went four days ago to receive surrender of Spanish troops. The number surrendered was larger than Gen. Tafari reported—3,000 Spanish troops and 350 volunteer guerrillas—gave up their arms and gave parole and have gone to the rear. 5,000 stands of arms were turned in. The Spanish troops were taken to the railroads and started to the railroad; Spanish troops accompanying him to San Luis and all apparently greatly delighted with prospects of returning home. They were on the verge of starvation and I have to send them rations tomorrow. If the numbers keep up as they have there will be about 24,000 to ship away—nearly 12,000 here, 8,000 from San Luis, 4,000 from Guantanamo, and over 3,000 at Sagua and Baracoa. (Signed)

SHAFER, Major General Commanding.

German Steamer Frit Upon.

ST. THOMAS, July 23.—The German steamer Croatia, which left here on Sunday, reports that she was fired upon three times Saturday night, about eight miles from San Juan de Porto Rico, by a ship upon the coast of the American invading squadron. The Croatia was boarded by an officer understood to be from the United States cruiser New York. She was allowed to proceed to St. Thomas. The Croatia had no intention of entering San Juan.

Will Attack Havana in the Fall.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Gen. Miles in command will move upon Havana in the fall. Shafter's army will soon be moved to the United States, where they will rest until operations begin on Havana.

Car Barn Burned.

PITTSBURGH, July 23.—At an early hour Sunday morning the Car Barn of the Consolidated Traction Co., at Frankstown and Penn. avenues, was completely gutted by fire, entailing a loss of about \$175,000, well covered by insurance.

MILES' ARMY.

It is Thought It Reached the Place of Rendezvous on Porto Rico Coast Sunday Night.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—It is said at the war department late Sunday that no news can be expected from any official source as to Gen. Miles' movements until Monday at the earliest. It is calculated that the arrived Sunday evening or Sunday night at the point on the coast of Porto Rico selected as the rendezvous for all the troops of the expedition. Whether or not he will undertake to make a landing in advance of the arrival of the whole expedition will depend entirely upon conditions as he finds them. Should there be no Spanish force, or at least, an unconsiderable one, on the coast, the troops will be landed to relieve them from the disastrous effects of being confined closely on ship board under a tropical sun. The general has with him sufficient artillery to hold any position he may choose to occupy, and the troops are well equipped by the guns of his naval command. Meanwhile the department is making every effort to hurry along the remainder of the expedition. Some troops are now on their way from Tampa and Charleston and should reach Porto Rico by the middle of the week. Naval officials are assisting actively in the landing of the troops and are engaged in sending out the necessary orders to that and to the commanders of the naval auxiliary vessels which have been placed at the service of the war department. In the course of a day or two the troops will be landed in the vicinity of San Juan, where they will be met by the guns of the American fleet. The next expedition will land at Fajardo, a port south of San Juan, and the third will land on one of the small

CUBAN PETITION.

Santiaguans Thank the People of America For Freedom From Spanish Yoke, And Want Their Own Government.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 23.—The following is the text of the document: To President McKinley: The undersigned, Cubans by birth, land owners and residents of Santiago, and other Spaniards representing with their families the non-combatant population that suffered for many years Spanish rule in this section of the island, wish to express their warmest thanks to the people of the United States for delivering them from the insufferable yoke of Spanish rule.

"They wish also to express their absolute confidence in the good faith and humanitarian purposes of the United States and in the pledge that the government of Cuba is not to be conquered by the American troops for purposes of annexation. We believe and would urge that our own people are capable of fulfilling the international obligation to establish a government for the island. Cuba is a sovereign people, and we desire a government of our own, as compensation for the sufferings and heroism of our army, and the definite establishment of the Cuban republic with Cuban authorities in accordance with the resolution of the United States congress.

"We hope that the present state of affairs at Santiago, where Spaniards are still the masters, is the last of the Spanish rule in this island. We desire that the city may soon be turned over to the Cubans and that our army may enter the flag of Cuba waving triumphantly before the Spanish flag, as Cuban soldiers fought side by side with the Americans against the common enemy."

No Yellow Fever in Tampa.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Owing to persistent reports that there was yellow fever at Tampa, notwithstanding denials by the Florida state officials, Dr. Branner, the yellow fever specialist, who represented the marine hospital service at Havana upon the outbreak of the war, was directed to make an investigation. He reports that after a close inspection of Tampa it can be stated that there is not a case of yellow fever there.

Sunday's Games.

CINCINNATI, July 23.—The baseball game between Cincinnati and Pittsburgh resulted as follows: Cincinnati 6, Pittsburgh 3. The game at Chicago was Chicago 3, Cleveland 4. The Louisville game was Louisville 4, St. Louis 1.

Miss Schley Arrives in Madrid.

MADRID, July 23.—Miss Jessie Schley, delegate from the Peace society of Paris, has arrived at Madrid with the intention. It is asserted, of interviewing members of the cabinet with a "humanitarian object."

No More Racing at Hawthorne.

CHICAGO, July 23.—The Clever town board, at a special meeting Saturday evening, decided that there shall be no more racing at Hawthorne.

CITY OF SAN JUAN.

Said the United States Will Land Troops on Three Sides of Porto Rico.

CAPITAL WILL THEN BE ENCIRCLED.

Miles' Expedition Will Land at Guanico, and the Second at Fajardo, South of San Juan.

The Third Expedition Will Land on the North Coast—Gen. L. Leavars' Command Will Join Miles at Guanico—Troops Embark.

NEW YORK, July 23.—It is said here that the government intends to fix out three Porto Rican expeditions, which will land on three sides of the island and form a circle around San Juan, and that within a few weeks after landing Gen. Miles will control the entire country. The first expedition under Gen. Miles will, it is expected, land in Guanico, and will proceed to Jose. From there they will go to Ponce by rail, and from Ponce to San Juan on a road which is good in either the rainy or the dry season. The expedition commanded directly by Gen. Miles will await the Porto Rican representatives, under command of Gen. L. Leavars, who will join Gen. Miles at Guanico.

The next expedition will land at Fajardo, a port south of San Juan, and the third will land on one of the small



GOVERNMENT BUILDING AT SAN JUAN.

places on the north coast. From here they will besiege and cut off the retreat of the Spanish forces.

In Guanico there are telegraph facilities, but not cable facilities. The cable runs from Ponce directly to Santiago. If Gen. Miles has control of the cable in Ponce he can communicate directly with the United States via Galveston. This cable, however, has no communication with the San Juan line.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The brigade commanded by Gen. Fred Grant, consisting of the 1st and 3rd Kentucky and the 3th Illinois, was Saturday ordered to Porto Rico. It will sail from Newport News, and will leave Chickamauga as soon as railroad accommodations and transports can be secured.

CHICKAMAUGA PARK, Ga., July 23.—At general headquarters camp was struck at daylight Saturday morning. The signal and hospital corps immediately marched to Rossville to take the train for Newport News, en route to Porto Rico. The signal corps, commanded by Maj. Glasford, in company 4, includes men from every state, Mexico and Canada. Many of the regulars who have been to Cuba will accompany Maj. Glasford's command.

Lieut. Hobson Returns to New York.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Lieut. Hobson of Merrimack fame, returned to New York from Washington Saturday morning with authority to contract with the Merritt Breeding Co. here for raising the Spanish ships Colon and Teresa. He proceeded to the company's office immediately upon his arrival and expects to conclude the contract with delay. Hobson realizes that to save the Spanish ships for our navy quick action is necessary.

The 3d Illinois at Newport News.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., July 23.—The 3d Illinois regiment arrived here Sunday afternoon in three special trains from Camp Thomas. The first train brought Gen. Haines, and the 3d battalion in command of Maj. Shand, came at 12:35, and was followed at 1:10 by the first battalion in command of Maj. Jackson, and at 2:15 by the 2d battalion in command of Maj. Conchy. There were 1,291 men in all.

Philippine Insurgents Reported Repulsed.

MANILA, July 23.—A dispatch from Manila says that the insurgents made an attack upon the city and were repulsed with the loss of 500 men. The Spanish had 30 men killed and wounded.

WILL CONTEST.

Consular Officers Bring Action to Have Contract Awarded to Transport Prisoners Held Aside.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The World says: A lawyer has been retained by the steamship companies who were unsuccessful bidders for transporting the 2,000 captured Spanish prisoners from Santiago to Spain, and will begin action Saturday to have the contract made by the government with the Campana Transatlantica Espanola set aside. The ground taken is that the successful bidder is a licensed corporation of a nation with whom we are at war and that according to a measure passed by the Spanish cortes, one-half of the receipts of every corporation doing business under the Spanish government must be surrendered to government to help defray the expenses of the war. By letting this contract to a Spanish corporation the United States government indirectly pays into the Spanish treasury an amount equal to one-half the contract stipulation. Also that the government thereby releases from blockade all the enemy's vessels to be used in the transportation from the neutral ports where they are now in shelter.

Potatoes for Santiago.

ST. LOUIS, July 23.—A St. Louis commission house, upon receiving a telegram order from the assistant quartermaster general at Chickamauga for 13 carloads of potatoes to be shipped immediately to Tampa, ordered the transport to Santiago, hired a number of extra drays, crisscrossed the city for potatoes and in 12 hours had the 13 cars loaded and ready for shipment.



GOVERNMENT BUILDING AT SAN JUAN.

Not Reported at the War Department.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—No word has reached the department from an official source relative to the reported attack by Garcia's Cubans upon the body of Spanish soldiers who were marching into Santiago to surrender. In the absence of a reliable report on this occurrence, which, if true, may be fraught with the gravest consequences and affect immediately the attitude of the United States government toward the Cubans, there is a decided disposition to refuse to discuss the matter at the war department.

Violent Earthquake Shock.

VALPARAISO, CHILE, July 23.—A violent shock of earthquake, lasting a minute, was felt at Concepcion, capital of the Chilean province of that name, and at Talcahuano, on the Bay of Concepcion, and eight miles distant from Concepcion city. Many houses were destroyed, and the telegraph and electric light wires were severed.

Lieut. McKimley's Proclamation.

SANTIAGO, July 23.—The Spanish residents of this city like President McKinley's proclamation, and seem satisfied with their condition as subjects of the United States. The work of cleaning the streets and putting the city into good sanitary condition was begun in earnest.

Tampa Troops Preparing to Go.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 23.—A Tampa special states that transports are rapidly loading and are ready to move at any time. An officer who arrived from Fernandez Saturday morning states that the general opinion is that transports will be there in a few days to take troops off.

Capt. Kane Promoted.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The president has directed the appointment of Capt. Kane of the 1st Illinois to assistant in the engagement at Santiago and was badly wounded there, to be major and inspector general. Capt. Kane is now confined by his injuries at Fort Hamilton hospital, New York.

Spaniards at San Juan Will Resist.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., July 23.—The Spaniards at San Juan are making extensive preparations to resist an anticipated attack upon the part of the United States warships, which are understood to be conveying the army of invasion commanded by Gen. Miles.

Don Carlos Hurry Cast.

LONDON, July 23.—Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, according to a dispatch from Brussels to the Daily Mail has hurriedly started for Switzerland.

INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS.

Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, according to a dispatch from Brussels to the London Daily Mail has hurriedly started for Switzerland.

At least 30,000 of the volunteers who go to Porto Rico are to be supplied during the campaign by the regular army.

Maj. Gen. Shafter issued an order thanking the officers and men under his command for their valor and endurance during the siege of Santiago.

The first embarkation of prisoners is expected next Thursday, in accordance with a contract made between the United States government and the Spanish transatlantic Co. The quartermaster general Sunday received a telegram announcing the safe arrival at Santiago of the consignment of Panama. She will proceed once to Porto Rico to join the rest there.

A special dispatch from Madrid says that Gen. Augusti, captain-general of the Philippines, has telegraphed to the government as follows: "The American are about to attack Manila. Grave events are impending."

A telegram from Havana reports that the insurgents attacked Gibara, on the north coast of the province of Santiago de Cuba, and that the garrison after a severe fight evacuated the place. Many of the insurgents were killed.

To the question, "What is to be done with Shafter's 3th corps now at Santiago?" the heads of the war administration can find but one answer, that is to keep it in Cuba until every vestige of yellow fever is stamped out of it.

Ferdinand W. Peck said Saturday that the headquarters of the commission general to the Paris exposition will be at once established at the Auditorium building, Chicago. Offices will also be promptly opened in New York and Paris.

Capt. Otto Mehlhoff, well known along the lakes, died at Milwaukee last night after a long illness. His death was due to stomach troubles.

In the civil war he was an officer on the battleship Octorara, which captured many prizes.

James J. Donald, chief night clerk in the New Haven (Ct.) post office, has been arrested charged with the embezzlement of money from letters and in default of \$1,500 bond, was taken to jail to await a hearing before United States Commissioner Wright, August 3.

Gen. Shafter's refusal to permit the entrance of armed Cubans into Santiago is an extremely wise measure, as the Cubans are not to be trusted. Unarmed persons, however, are free to enter at all times. As soon as the Spanish soldiers have been barred Cubans will be allowed to enter the city.

Secretary Long about two hours with the president Sunday afternoon, presumably in going over Jim Slaughter's report on the destruction of the Spanish fleet at Santiago.

The secretary, however, would say anything in regard to the matter, except that the report might be made public Monday.

Rev. L. A. Stringer, an Anglican missionary, engaged upon his mission, writes to a friend in Ottawa, Ont., stating that of the 11 whaling ships that left the Arctic for the west last fall only three managed to get out. The others were caught in the ice and had to be abandoned. Four men were lost in trying to reach the land.

Lieut. Col. Henry C. Egbert of the 1st Illinois, has given permission Sunday by Surgeon General Sternberg to leave Bellevue hospital, where he has been for several days, and go to his home at Ft. Thomas, Ky. Lieut. Egbert is a member of the body at Santiago, a Master bullet completely piercing his chest, entering at the left breast and making its exit under his shoulder blade.

A match received Sunday by Adj. Gen. Corbin says that 390 new cases of fever of all classes were reported in his name before Santiago Saturday. As the same dispatch reports only four deaths—some 300 of them from yellow fever—among the hundreds of cases of fever known to exist in the camp, the war authorities are more than ever inclined to the belief that the cases of yellow fever are of mild type.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, July 23.—FLOUR—Baking flour, \$10.00; family, \$9.00; spring, \$8.00; \$7.00; \$6.00; \$5.00; \$4.00; \$3.00; \$2.00; \$1.00; \$0.50; \$0.25; \$0.10; \$0.05; \$0.02; \$0.01.

WHEAT—No. 2 white winter, \$1.00; No. 3 white winter, \$0.95; No. 4 white winter, \$0.90; No. 5 white winter, \$0.85; No. 6 white winter, \$0.80; No. 7 white winter, \$0.75; No. 8 white winter, \$0.70; No. 9 white winter, \$0.65; No. 10 white winter, \$0.60; No. 11 white winter, \$0.55; No. 12 white winter, \$0.50; No. 13 white winter, \$0.45; No. 14 white winter, \$0.40; No. 15 white winter, \$0.35; No. 16 white winter, \$0.30; No. 17 white winter, \$0.25; No. 18 white winter, \$0.20; No. 19 white winter, \$0.15; No. 20 white winter, \$0.10; No. 21 white winter, \$0.05; No. 22 white winter, \$0.02; No. 23 white winter, \$0.01.

RYE—No. 2 white winter, \$0.80; No. 3 white winter, \$0.75; No. 4 white winter, \$0.70; No. 5 white winter, \$0.65; No. 6 white winter, \$0.60; No. 7 white winter, \$0.55; No. 8 white winter, \$0.50; No. 9 white winter, \$0.45; No. 10 white winter, \$0.40; No. 11 white winter, \$0.35; No. 12 white winter, \$0.30; No. 13 white winter, \$0.25; No. 14 white winter, \$0.20; No. 15 white winter, \$0.15; No. 16 white winter, \$0.10; No. 17 white winter, \$0.05; No. 18 white winter, \$0.02; No. 19 white winter, \$0.01.

BARLEY—No. 2 white winter, \$0.70; No. 3 white winter, \$0.65; No. 4 white winter, \$0.60; No. 5 white winter, \$0.55; No. 6 white winter, \$0.50; No. 7 white winter, \$0.45; No. 8 white winter, \$0.40; No. 9 white winter, \$0.35; No. 10 white winter, \$0.30; No. 11 white winter, \$0.25; No. 12 white winter, \$0.20; No. 13 white winter, \$0.15; No. 14 white winter, \$0.10; No. 15 white winter, \$0.05; No. 16 white winter, \$0.02; No. 17 white winter, \$0.01.

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SYRUP OF FIGS



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get the beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
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Royal makes the best puffs, whoosens and delicious.



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Absolutely Pure

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OUR LITTLE BOX

(The Editor of THE LEDGER is not responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents, but solicits interesting ones, the character of any person will be admitted to these columns.)

Correspondents will please send letters to the Editor of THE LEDGER, not later than 3 o'clock a.m. Give facts in as few words as possible. We want news in this department, and not advertising notices or political arguments.

FORPORT FANCIES.

Geography Cleanings By a Valued Correspondent in That Bizarre Region.

Mrs. Will Selzer is on the sick list.

Miss Dora Martin has been visiting at Louisville this week.

Paul and Mabel Million returned home Saturday from Newport.

Mr. Joseph Carpenter moved into the house vacated by Mr. White.

R. Y. Lutten and wife of Plummer's Landing attended Church here Sunday.

T. C. Selzer is having his house painted, which adds to the appearance of our little village.

Lilly Ruby Goddard of Mt. Carmel spent Wednesday night at his Aunt Clara's.

Misses Myrtle and Retta Martin spent Friday and Saturday with relatives at Louisville.

Will Davis and wife and little daughter Audrey of Louisville were the pleasant guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Martin Sunday.

SHELLROCK SAYINGS.

Some Verses of Interest From One of Mason County's Historic Localities.

Mrs. Maggie Bean will teach our Public School again this year.

We are still here several hundred feet above the level of Bull creek.

Mr. Ida Huber and children of South Ripley visited relatives here last Saturday and Sunday.

The oat crop is short and so is the potato crop in this section is almost a failure.

Mrs. Elizabeth Maynard, wife of James Maynard, died last Monday night and was buried at Plumville Tuesday.

It is an actual fact and can't be denied that some Ministers of the Gospel will almost break their necks begging million-dollar money to send to the heathen, when at the same time members of their own Church will lay sick for years and suffer for the necessities of life, and they never get into their home, unless it is to preach their funeral after they are dead. This does not apply to all Ministers—or those whom the shoe fits.

E. C. Blank of Louisville, Tex., writes that one box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel ointment was worth \$50 to him. It cured his piles of ten years standing. He advises others to try it. It also cures eczema, skin diseases and obstinate sores. Henry W. R. Y., Postoffice Druggist.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES.

Ministers Must Attach a Ten Cent Revenue Stamp on Such Documents.

Marriage certificates must now have upon them to be legal a ten cent revenue stamp.

A Minister is required to place a ten cent adhesive stamp on the certificate before taking it to the Court house for record. The law is very plain on the subject.

A Minister who fails to stamp a marriage certificate is subject to a heavy fine and the Clerk of the Court who records a certificate without a stamp is equally liable to a fine.

A question has arisen if, whether a Minister performs the marriage ceremony and gives a certificate and fails to put a stamp on the one that is left at the County Court for record and it is recorded without a stamp, that marriage is legal.

The Revenue Law has nothing to do with the legalizing of marriages, but a Minister or Clerk who fails to have the stamp is liable to get himself into serious trouble.

REMARKABLE FACTS.

United States Becoming a Factor in the World's Trade.

GAINING GROUND EVERY DAY.

The remarkable advance of the United States into the markets of the world is presented in a publication just issued from the Bureau of Foreign Commerce, Department of State, under the direction of Mr. Frederick Emory. While presenting elaborate statistics and data on the increase of this trade the world over, the subject is also treated broadly to bring out the general significance of this trade development, which Mr. Emory refers to as "An American invasion of the markets of the world." Although no reference is made to recent geographical and political changes, resulting from the appearance of the United States in the Philippines, Cuba, Porto Rico and elsewhere, yet the review deals with the important part which American enterprise and capital is taking in the development of the far East. In his introduction to the work, Mr. Emory says:

"The United States is no longer merely the 'granary of the world.' While its exports of agricultural products has increased to a remarkable extent during the past year, its sales abroad of many manufactured goods have continued to extend with a facility and promptitude of results which have excited the serious concern of countries that, for generations, had not only controlled their home markets, but had practically monopolized certain lines of trade in other lands. When we consider that this result has been reached with comparative ease, in spite of allied impediments to United States exports, in the form of discriminations of various kinds, and notwithstanding that organized effort to reach foreign markets for our manufactures is as yet in its infancy, the ability of the United States to compete successfully with the most advanced industrial Nations in any part of the world, as well as with those Nations in their home markets, can no longer be seriously questioned."

The attention which foreign Governments have given to this rapid increase of American trade is discussed as follows:

"In view of what may be termed an American invasion of the markets of the world, the attitude of the leading commercial Nations towards each other and the relations in their industrial activity and trade interests bear to the United States a master of practical concern. The more important incidents of the past year in foreign diplomacy have, therefore, a significance for us which might not have attached to them in the absence of concerted efforts to extend the sale of our goods. It may be said that the chief business of European diplomacy at the present day is to secure new spheres of influence and wider opportunities for trade as well as suitable territory for occupation by the overflow of population from the more densely inhabited countries. The world has watched the progress of the diplomatic drama in China with an interest which has heightened by the knowledge that the practical outcome might be either the opening of new channels of trade to the commerce of the globe, or the appropriation of them by particular Nations for their own special benefit."

"China has for some years been one of the most promising fields for American enterprise, industry and capital, and the entrance of the vast Empire upon the path of Western development under conditions which would secure equality of opportunity to the United States would doubtless result in immense gain to our manufacturers in the demand, sure to follow, for lines of supplies and goods of various descriptions that we are presently denied to provide. The solution of the problem of the future commercial conditions of the Chinese Empire has, therefore, an immediate and most important relation to the expansion of our export trade, especially that of our Pacific slope. The partition of Africa among the European powers offers considerations of an economic character of almost equal magnitude, while the plans of the more active commercial Nations, for increasing their respective shares of the trade of the Latin-American markets developed us even more seriously in the aspect of our commercial intercourse with the Southern half of the Western hemisphere. The 'international isolation' of the United States, so far as industry and commercial commerce are concerned, has, in fact, been made a thing of the past by the logic of the



GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$50.00 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are so inexpensive in price, and free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, English Quail, American Pheasant, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH
has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitutes.

For strictly pure Pars Green call at Henry W. R. Y.'s Postoffice Druggist.

A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

How To Get Them:

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Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch. Do not fail. This offer is for a short time only.

RIDING ON THE RAIL!

What the Great Steel Highway Offer to Travelers.



Homecoming Excursions.
On July 14th and 15th and August 1st, 2d, 15th and 16th the C. and O. will send round-trip tickets at rate of one fare plus 25 cents to points in Colorado, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Wisconsin and Wyoming. For the 19th, 2d and 15th tickets sold for morning trains only. Return limit 21 days.

Kansas City and Return \$20.00, Omaha, Keokuk and Return \$25.00, via the C. and O., June 10th to October 15th, 1908.

On account of Trade-Missionary and International Exposition at Omaha the C. and O. will sell round-trip tickets Mayville to Omaha at rate of \$25.00 and Kansas City at rate of \$20.00. Tickets on sale July 10th to October 15th; return limit November 15th.

Special Reduced Rates to Denver, Col., and Return.

On June 26th and 27th and June 17th and 18th the Missouri Pacific Railway (Colorado Short Line) will have in sale round-trip tickets to Denver at reduced rates, subject American Medical Association Meeting, June 27th to 30th, and the Biennial Meeting General Federation Women's Clubs, June 27th to 29th. Tickets sold three days from date of sale, with privilege of five days stop-over at Omaha, Neb., for those who wish to visit the Trade-Missionary Exposition to be held at that point during the summer. Through daily trains St. Louis to Denver weekly equipped with Pullman Palace Buffet sleeping-cars and free Pullman Dining Cars. For map, timetables, illustrated tourist book address H. C. Townsend, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo., or A. A. Gallagher, District Passenger Agent, No. 406 Vine Street, Cincinnati, O.

NEW FIRM.

Geo. F. Brown

C. D. RUSSELL & CO.,

DEALER IN

CHINA, GLASS

BRIC-A-BRAC

Will be pleased to have you call as soon as practicable.

New goods and lots of them will be brought on at prices that will please you.

No. 40 W. SECOND STREET, MAYSVILLE, KY.

Notice!

All persons having claims against the firm of Pearce & Brown are requested to call at once and make settlement, and those indebted to the firm with please come forward and settle without further notice.

CHARLES R. PEARCE, JR., State National Bank, Maysville, Ky., July 21st, 1908.



Advertising

Resumption

Means business resumption..... It is wise to start early..... It is wiser never to stop..... If it pays to keep your front doors open, it must pay to keep your name before the readers of THE LEDGER—they are your customers.....

SEASONABLE DRYGOODS

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, MATTINGS, Housekeeping Goods Generally on Hand.

GEO. COX & SON.

Beginning Tuesday, March 1st, and on the first of each month thereafter, we will give free to every lady visiting our store a copy of "Modes and Fabrics," a monthly journal of fashion and literature.

REMARKABLE BARGAINS

At the New York Store of Hays & Co. A Big Cut Has Been Made on Every Article in the House.

Long Curtains, etc., worth 80c, Ladies Blue Corsets, 30c, worth 35c, Marcelline quilts, 50c, worth \$1.00, Ladies extra wide linen shirts, etc., worth 75c, Linen Table for 4 seats, 75c, worth 1.00, Extra Heavy Tow Linen Sheets, 10c, worth 15c, New Blue Drapery Linens (latest pattern) 10c, worth 25c, Pink Lawns, 5c, worth 10c, Ladies' Vests, 4c, worth 10c, Ladies' splendid Vests, (black) 25c, value, our price 10c, Steel and Umbrella, etc., worth 75c, No. 1 Umbrella, 25c, worth 50c, Boys' Tan Shoes, (leather) \$1.00, worth \$1.25 to \$1.50, Men's Heavy Shoes, lace and Congress, 50c, worth \$1.25, Men's nice shoes, all kinds of toes, 50c, \$1.25, Ladies' Oxford, etc., all sizes, Nice Table Linens, 10c, worth 25c, Wool Dress Goods very cheap. All wool Serges, any color, etc., worth 25c, Henriettes and all novelties very cheap, Children's White Duck Caps, 10c, worth 25c.

HAYS & CO. New York Store

State College of Kentucky.

—LEXINGTON, KY.—

Offers instruction in Agriculture, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Civil Engineering, three lines of Scientific Study, viz. Mathematics, Biological and Chemical, Classics and Pedagogy, each of which leads to a degree. Twenty-eight Professors and assistants. Laboratories and museums large and well equipped. College appliances receive free tuition, matriculation, fuel, lights and room rent; traveling expenses also given to applicants who remain the full collegiate year. Board in dormitories, \$2.50 per week in private families, \$3.00 to \$3.50. Board, uniform, books and washing not exceed \$120 per year. Fall term begins 24th Thursday in September. Preliminary examinations last Monday in September. For catalogues and other information apply to JAMES S. PATTERSON, Ph.D., LL.D., President.

Tollesboro and Burtonville Omnibus 10c.

Under the direction of Harbour & Pollitt, will take passengers to and from

Ruggles Camgrounds, 75c. for Round Trip.

The meeting commences July 28th and ends August 10th. They will also have an extra bus that will leave the Postoffice corner at 7 o'clock a.m. each day.

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THE DRAGON, Edwin H. and Kittie, TONY and YLO YERKHO, LEE REBER, ADA WILKES, LAST!

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NEW SHOW THIS WEEK.

The Great Roxy Trio, Musical Artists LaPetite Eileen, Wonderful Child Artist Kelley and Madden, Comedy Sketch, Moss, Cassell, the Aerial Wonder.

ONLY SHOW IN THE CITY.

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